PR9-5ac

kwiktag * 103 229 694

INTRODUCTION

(2)

COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20004

Memorandum

To:

Members of the Council

From:

Phyllis Jones, Secretary to the Council

Date:

October 26, 1992

Subject:

Referral of Proposed Legislation

Notice is given that the attached proposed legislation has been introduced in the Office of the Secretary on October 22, 1992. Copies are available in Room 28, Legislative Services Division.

TITLE:

Albert Pike, Ku Klux Klan Memorial Statue, Removal Resolution of 1992, PR 9-526

INTRODUCED BY:

Councilmember Lightfoot

The Chairman is referring this proposed legislation to the Committee of the Whole.

cc:

General Counsel

Legislative Services Division

RECEIVED	
6/PRKKK *92 OCT 22 P4:37	01
Councilmember William J. Lightfoot	02 03
A PROPOSED RESOLUTION	04
STOP-SHARE SHAREFUL OF APPROXIMATE APPROXI	05
IN THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	06
	07
Councilmember William P. Lightfoot introduced the following resolution, which was referred to the Committee on	08 09
To request that the President of the United States remove a memorial statue maintained by the U.S. Department of Labor which honors Albert Pike, Confederate General and Scottish Rite Southern Jurisdiction Sovereign Grand Commander and chief founder of the post-Civil War Ku Klux Klan.	10 11 12 13 14
RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,	15
That this resolution may be cited as the "Albert Pike, Ku Klux Klan	16
Memorial Statue, Removal Resolution of 1992".	17
Sec. 2. The Council of the District of the Columbia finds that:	18
(a) A memorial statue of Albert Pike stands at Judiciary Square in	19

(b) The statue stands on public land of the United States, and is

20

21

22

the District of Columbia, having been dedicated in 1901;

maintained at the public expense of United States taxpayers;

(c) Albert Pike was a chief founder and strategist of the Ku Klux Klan in the years following the Civil War, the "Chief Judiciary Officer" of the Ku Klux Klan and the "Grand Dragon" of the Ku Klux Klan in Arkansas;

- (d) The United States Congress, on April 4 and 5, 1898, authorized a private organization to place the statue of Albert Pike on the public land of the United States, being falsely informed only that Albert Pike was a leader of white freemasons in the southern states, and "a distinguished citizen of the United States, an able lawyer and statesman, an accomplished poet, and a brave soldier.";
- (e) The Massachusetts born Albert Pike was a Brigadier General of the Confederate Army, when troops under his command committed atrocities and war crimes against United States soldiers, causing a protest from the United States against the Confederate Army, whereupon Pike was relieved of his command and placed under arrest by the Confederate Army;
- (f) Albert Pike was indicted for treason against the United States 16 and fled prosecution by escaping to the territory of Great Britain; 17
- (g) The News Quarterly, a publication of the Prince Hall freemasons, in its Spring 1992 edition, reprinted the most famous poem of the Ku Klux Klan, attributed to Albert Pike, called "Death's Brigade", which is a terrorist threat against African-Americans and all loyal citizens, and the Prince Hall publication denounced the statue of Ku Klux Klan leader Albert Pike as "an affront" to the predominantly African-American population of the District of Columbia;
- (h) The Ku Klux Klan was an instrument of mass murder, terrorism, 25 judicial barbarism, false imprisonment, kidnapping and torture, designed 26 to re-enslave newly freed African-Americans, and to prevent the 27

establishment of modern industrial, labor and living conditions in the	01
southern states; and	02
(i) A statue representing a "Confederate-style justice" should not	03
symbolically stand guard over Judiciary Square, at a time when the rights	04
and living conditions of ordinary American citizens are under severe	05
attack, and it is an outrage, affront and insult to the people of the	06
Washington, and to all humanity who may look to the capitol of the United	07
States as the seat of justice and freedom.	08
RESOLVED, BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,	09
That the Council of the District of Columbia requests that the	10
President of the United States honor its request to remove the statue	11
located at Indiana Avenue and 3rd Streets, in Judiciary Square, which is	12
maintained by the U.S. Department of Labor, this statue of Albert Pike,	13
Chief Judiciary Officer and Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan.	14
Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Council of the District of Columbia shall	15
transmit a copy of this resolution, upon its adoption, to the President of	16
the United States, the Secretary of the Department of Interior, the Office	17
of the Mayor, United States House of Representatives, Committee on the	1.8
District of Columbia and to the Delegate of the District of Columbia.	19
Sec. 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately upon the first	2.0
date of publication in either the District of Columbia Register, the District	21
of Columbia Statutes-at-Large, or the District of Columbia Municipal	22

 ${\bf Regulations}\,.$